# Library system in Stak Scheme

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#### **Stak Scheme**

- A bytecode compiler and virtual machine (VM) for Scheme
- The compiler is written in Scheme.
- The VM is written in Rust.
- It aims to support R7RS-small.

## **Library system in R7RS**

#### **Defining a library**

- Libraries export symbols.
- Libraries import symbols from other libraries.
- Libraries are "called" but only once.

```
(define-library (foo)
  (export foo)

(import (scheme base))

(begin
   (define (foo x)
        (write-u8 x))))
```

# **Library system in R7RS**

### Importing a library at a top level

```
(import (foo))
(foo 65)
```

### Where to put libraries?

- Where to put libraries?
  - Inlining library clauses (e.g. Gauche)
  - Libraries as files (e.g. Chibi Scheme)
- Stak Scheme took the inlining solution.

```
(define-library (foo)
 (export foo)
 (import (scheme base))
 (begin
   (define (foo x)
      (write-u8 x)))
(import (foo))
(foo 65)
```

## Implementation in a compiler

#### **Pipelines**

- 1. Read source.
- 2. Expand libraries. <- new!
  - Read all (define-library ...) clauses.
  - Expand all (import ...) clauses.
- 3. Expand macros.
- 4. Compile expressions.
- 5. Encode objects.
- 6. Write bytecodes.

## **Library expansion**

- Environments of libraries are separated by symbol prefixes.
  - o e.g. foo -> \$42\$foo where 42 is the ID of a library
- Importing symbols from a library converts all symbols' prefixes.
- Top-level symbols do not have any prefix.

### **Future work**

• Library system

```
o (rename ...)
```

- ∘ (prefix ...)
- eval procedure

# **Summary**

• Building a library system is fun!